Aquaculture

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Traceability: Why where something comes from matters

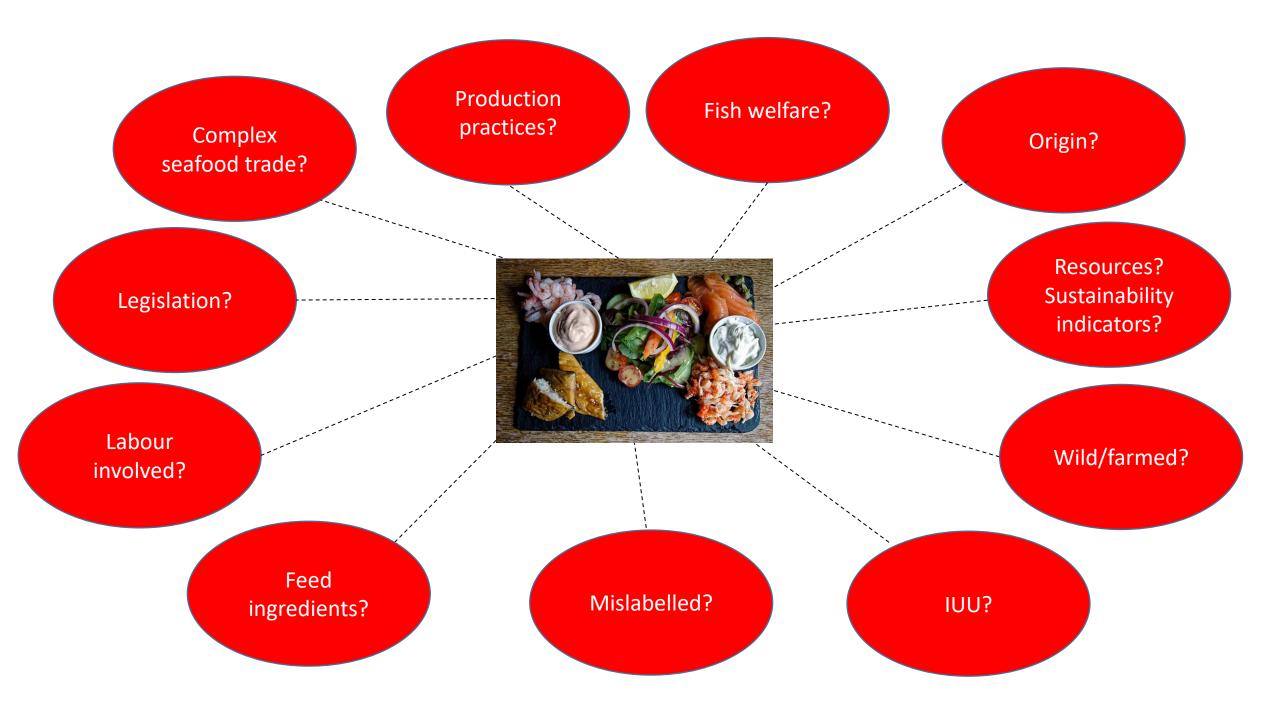


IFFO Annual Conference, Cape Town, South Africa, October 2023



Sustainable?

"Fish platter, at the Black Horse Inn, Nuthurst, West Sussex. The photo was taken in the 17th-century Black Horse Inn on Nuthurst Street in Nuthurst, West Sussex, England", by Acabashi, licensed under Attribution-ShareAlike 4.0 International (CC BY-SA 4.0). Source: https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Fish_platter_at_Black_Horse_Inn,_Nuthurst_West_Sussex_England.jpg



Production

Complex seafood tra

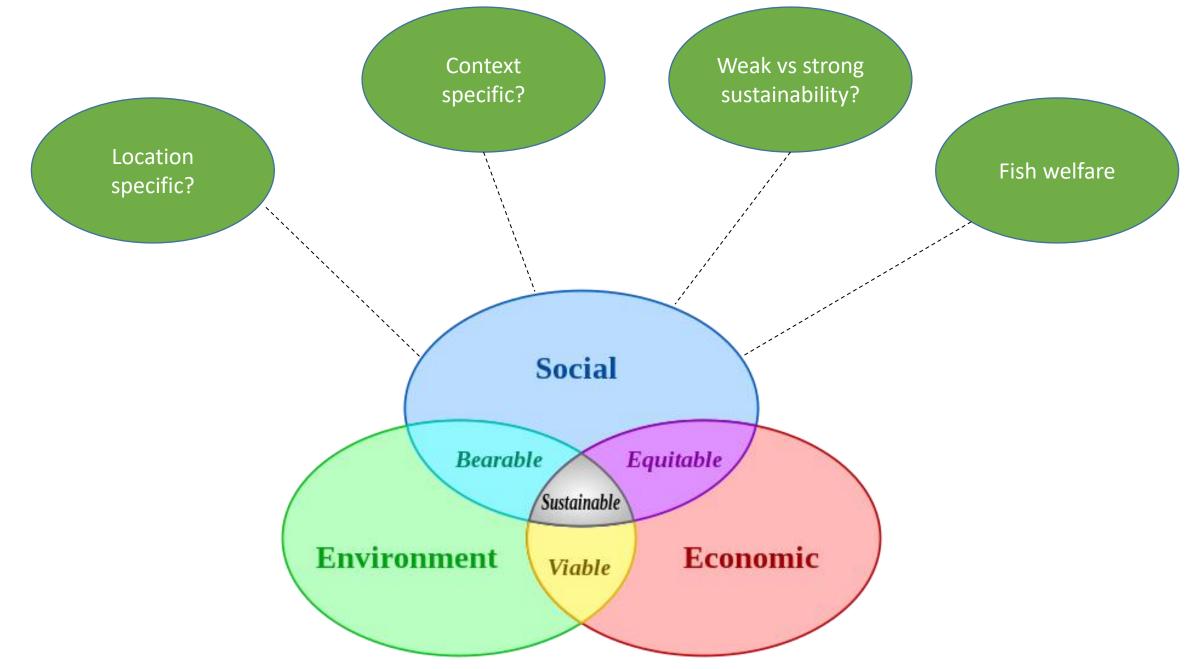
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Origin?

What is 'sustainable'?

Feeu ingredients?

IUU?



"Sustainable development", by nojhan, licensed under Attribution-ShareAlike 3.0 Unported (CC BY-SA 3.0). Source: <u>https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Sustainable_development.svg</u>

Weakwoot

Woak vs strong

Loc>+.

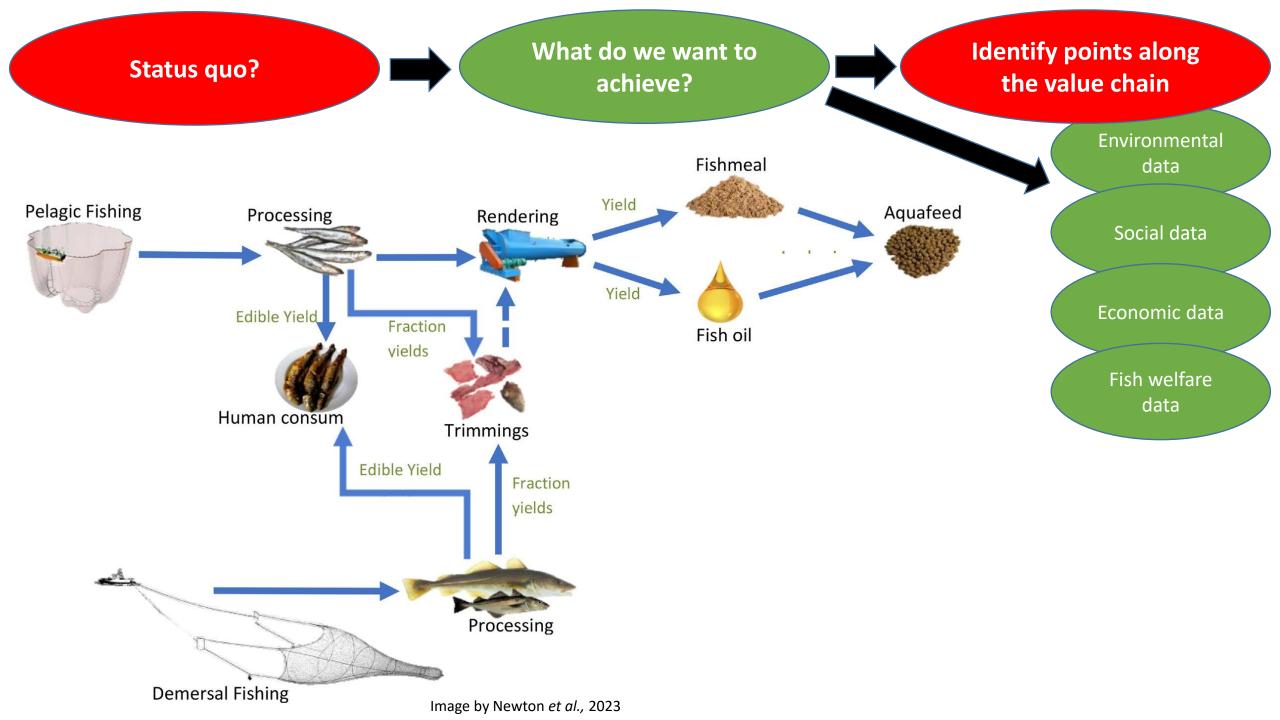
Sustainability is a JOURNEY, not an endpoint!

Tlusty & Thorsen, 2021

ntext

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Tlusty *et al.,* 2012

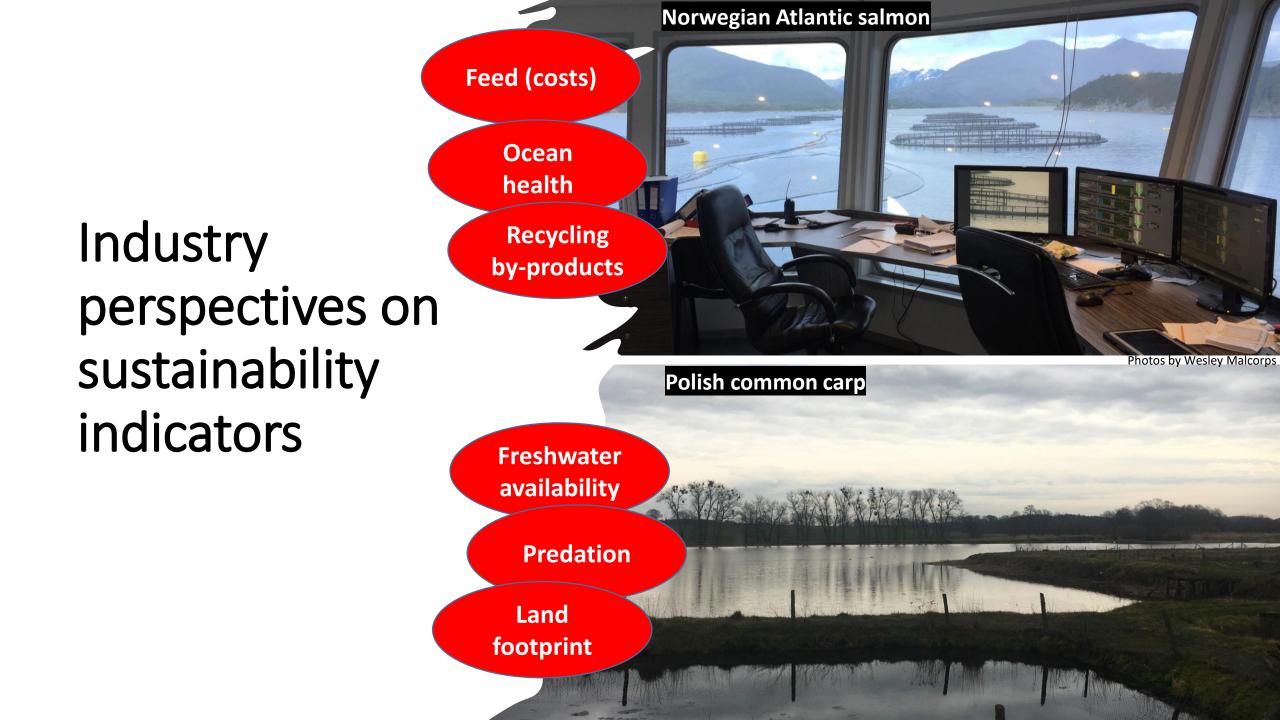




Sustainability indicators



https://freesvg.org/eco-carbon-footprint-vector-icon



Cultural perceptions towards seafood products and values



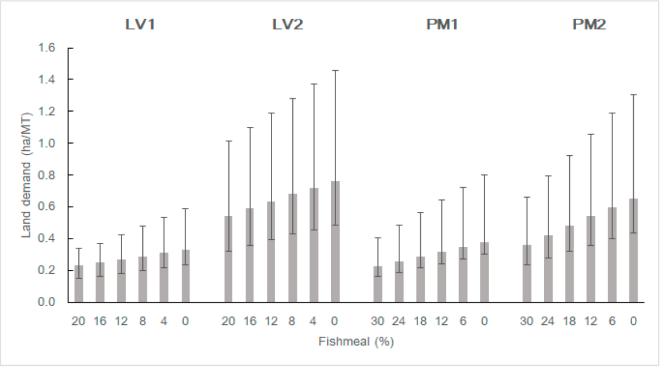




Malcorps et al., 2021

Trade-offs between marine and terrestrial system

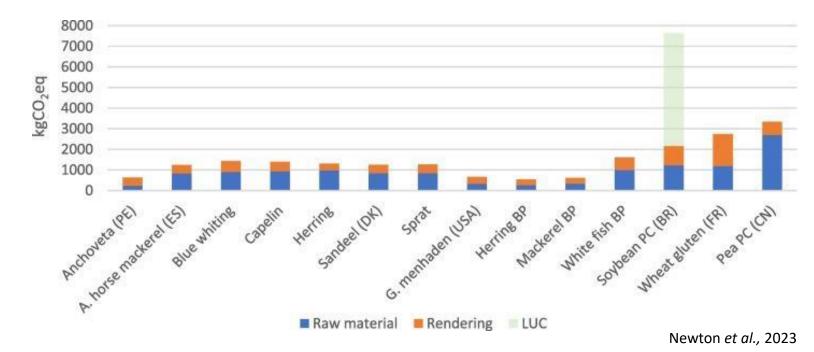
- Change in land demand → fishmeal substitution with plant ingredients in shrimp diets (*L. vannamei and P. monodon*)
- Measuring resource trade-offs between the marine and terrestrial environmental



Malcorps et al., 2019

Need for traceability for MI from fisheries

- Marine ingredients are very variable in their impact between and even within species, mostly depending on the fuel intensity of the fishery from which they are sourced
- Large proportion of MI sourced from by-products (BP)
- Certified fisheries?



Incentives to utilise fish by-products

- eFIFO: Using economic allocation to quantify the Fish In : Fish Out ratio Kok et al., 2021
- →Allocating less "whole fish" towards low value fish ingredients originating from by-products

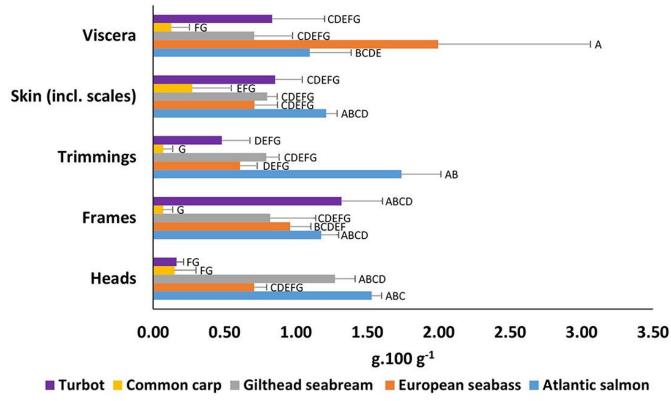
 \rightarrow Aligned with LCA



"Fillleting sole by hand", by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health. Public domain. Source: <u>https://www.flickr.com/photos/niosh/4755041685/in/photostream/</u>

Incentives to utilise aquaculture by-products

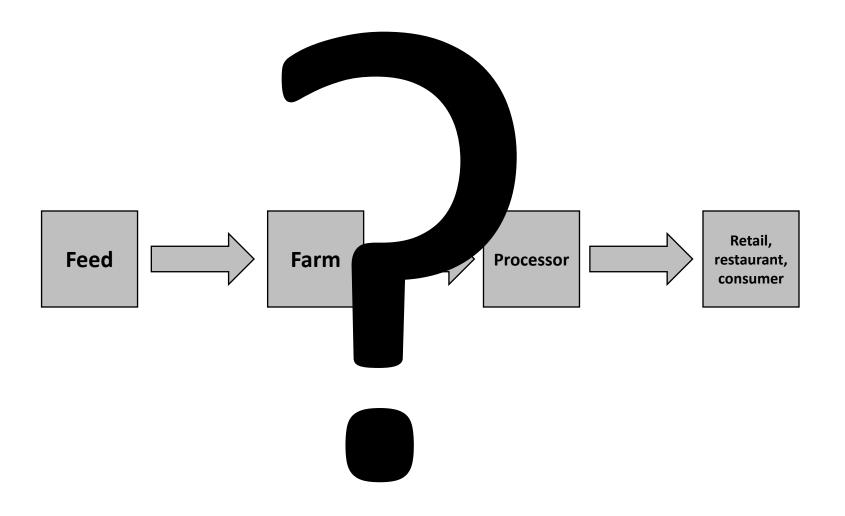
• Aquaculture processing by-products \rightarrow interesting nutritional characteristics



Total EPA+DHA content (g.100 g⁻¹) of wet weight by-products from European aquaculture species. Means that do not share letter(s) (A–G) are significantly different.

- Malcorps et al., 2021
- Legislation

How to manage traceability in the supply chain?



No records or paper records

Computer records

Shared network -No records
-Can get damaged, easy to make mistakes
-Poor handwriting
-Difficult to share
→ Missed opportunity

-Centralised, one person got ownership
-Difficult to share
→ Missed opportunity

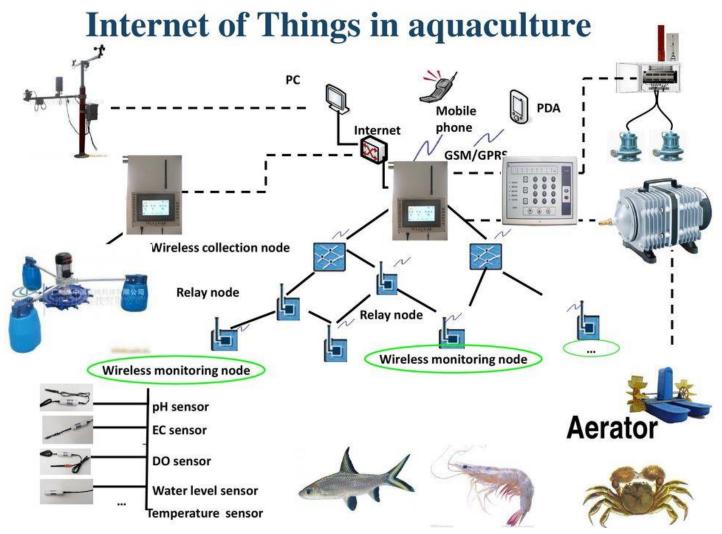
-Decentralised
-Real-time
-Big data
-Offers opportunity to exchange data
→ The Future





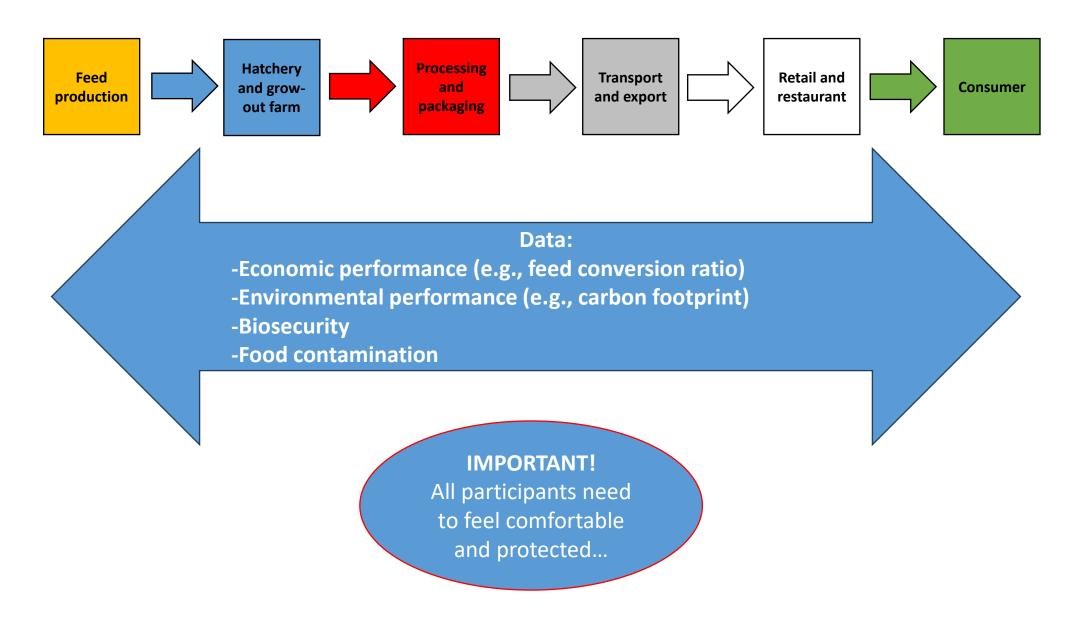
Photos by Wesley Malcorps

Supply chain of the future

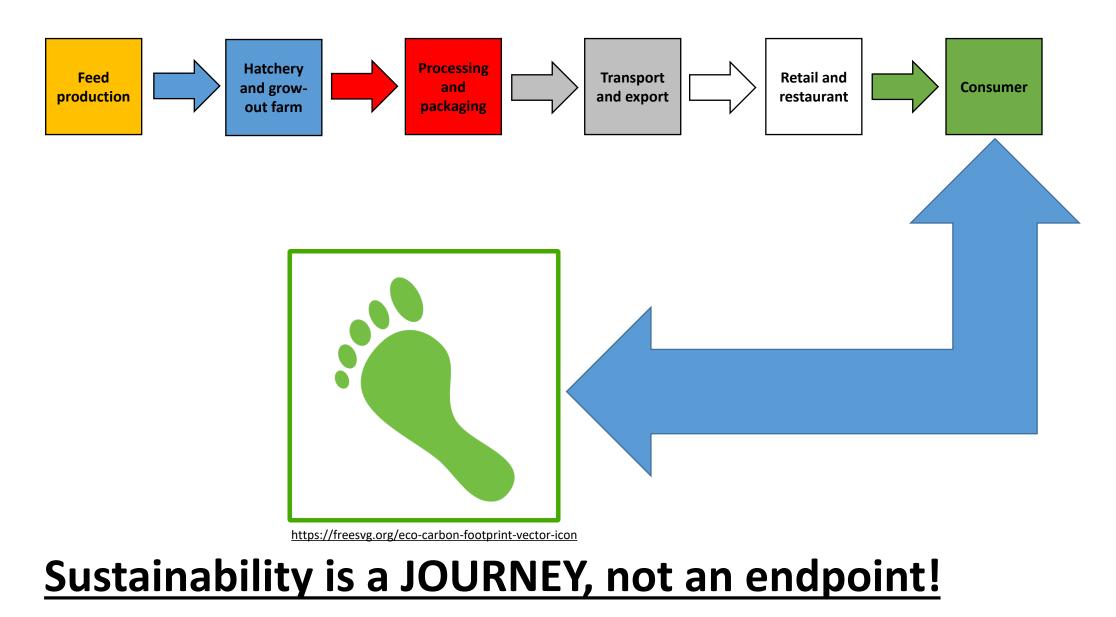


Li D (2012) Internet of things in aquaculture. Beijing Engineering Research Center for Internet of Things in Agriculture, China Agricultural University, Beijing.

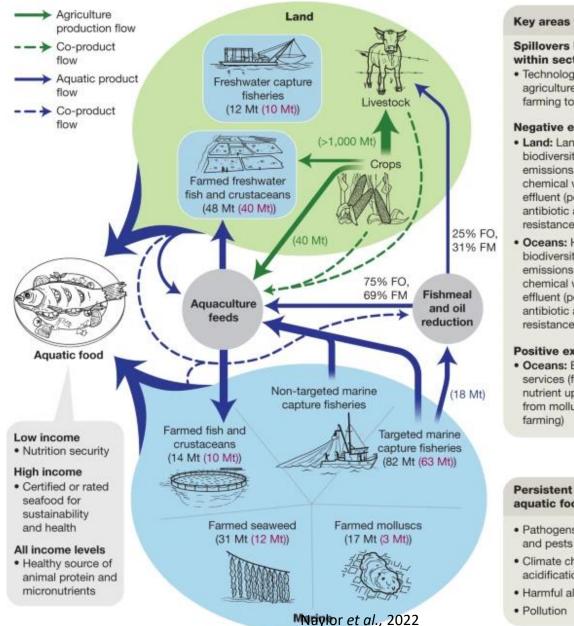
Critical Tracking Events and Key Data Elements



Ownership and access to data



Aquaculture linked...



Key areas for governance

Spillovers between and within sectors

· Technology transfer from agriculture and livestock farming to aquaculture

Negative externalities

- · Land: Land-use change, biodiversity loss, GHG emissions, nutrient and chemical wastes and/or effluent (pollution), and antibiotic and antimicrobial resistance
- · Oceans: Habitat change, biodiversity loss, GHG emissions, nutrient and chemical wastes and/or effluent (pollution), and antibiotic and antimicrobial resistance

Positive externalities

· Oceans: Ecosystem services (for example, nutrient uptake and habitat from mollusc and seaweed

Persistent stressors to aquatic food systems

- · Pathogens, parasites and pests
- Climate change and ocean acidification
- · Harmful algal blooms

Take home messages

-Sustainability

- -"Impact" is location, culture and context specific.
- -Sustainability is a journey...
- -Where are we? What path do we want to follow? What do we need (to know)?
- -What is the key data, who wants it and who needs it?
- -Different levels of data for different stakeholders, e.g., carbon footprint not confidential, but certain data to measure it is confidential.
- -Characteristics of aquaculture \rightarrow small and large companies

Questions?

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Newton et al. (2023) Life Cycle Inventories of marine ingredients

Malcorps *et al.* (2022) Video: Fish By-Products and Blockchain Technology to Maximize Utilisation

Naylor et al. (2021) A 20-year retrospective review of global aquaculture

Malcorps *et al.* (2021) Global Seafood Trade: Insights in Sustainability Messaging and Claims of the Major Producing and Consuming Regions

Malcorps *et al.* (2021) Nutritional Characterisation of European Aquaculture Processing By-Products to Facilitate Strategic Utilisation

Kok *et al.* (2020) Fish as feed: Using economic allocation to quantify the Fish In : Fish Out ratio of major fed aquaculture species

Malcorps *et al.* (2019) The Sustainability Conundrum of Fishmeal Substitution by Plant Ingredients in Shrimp Feeds

Tlusty & Thorsen (2017) Claiming seafood is 'sustainable' risks limiting improvements

Tlusty *et al.* (2012) Refocusing Seafood Sustainability as a Journey Using the Law of the Minimum

IFFO Annual Conference, Cape Town, South Africa, October 2023

BE THE DIFFERENCE

Institute of

